

▶ Yemen is facing the largest humanitarian crisis in the world – 80 per cent of the population are in need of protection or assistance and 3.6 million people are internally displaced, according to the International Organization for Migration’s (IOM) Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM). With the conflict in its fifth year, widespread instability, severe economic decline, food insecurity and the collapse of essential public services

are taking an enormous toll. The people of Yemen were already living in the most impoverished country in the Gulf region prior to the outbreak of fighting and now face not just insecurity and violence but also outbreaks of diseases like cholera. Despite the current crisis, irregular migrants continue to arrive in Yemen in increasing numbers, most hoping to find work in Saudi Arabia.

With offices in Sana’a, Aden, Al Hudaydah and now Marib and satellite presences in all 22 governorates, IOM supports the most vulnerable groups throughout Yemen, including displaced people, conflict-affected communities and migrants. The Organization directly implements a multisector humanitarian response, namely health, water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH), shelter, non-food item (NFI) and cash-based assistance, camp coordination and camp management (CCCM), protection and displacement tracking (DTM). Growing to be one of its largest missions worldwide, IOM is currently scaling up its response in Yemen by increasing the capacity of its team and expanding its operations to reach more people in underserved and remote areas. Through IOM establishing additional operational hubs throughout the country, the Organization and partners will be better able to effectively assist displaced people, migrants and the communities hosting both groups.

### WASH | WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE



Restoring and maintaining of existing WASH systems and direct provision of WASH services in 18 governorates

### HEALTH |



Expanding access to primary health care service and providing medial and technical support to primary health care clinics and hospitals

### CS | COMMUNITY STABILIZATION



Strengthening social cohesion and ensuring communities’ priorities are addressed by using a community centred approach, which includes increasing incomes and enhancing coping capacities to shocks

### RMMS | REFUGEE & MIGRANT MULTI-SECTOR



*Cluster lead.* Providing life-saving, multi-sectoral assistance to vulnerable migrants, including voluntary humanitarian return (VHR)

### PILLARS OF INTERVENTION



#### Meeting humanitarian needs

Implementing and coordinating lifesaving humanitarian response programming, focusing on immediate efforts to assist the most vulnerable individuals and communities.



#### Promoting stability

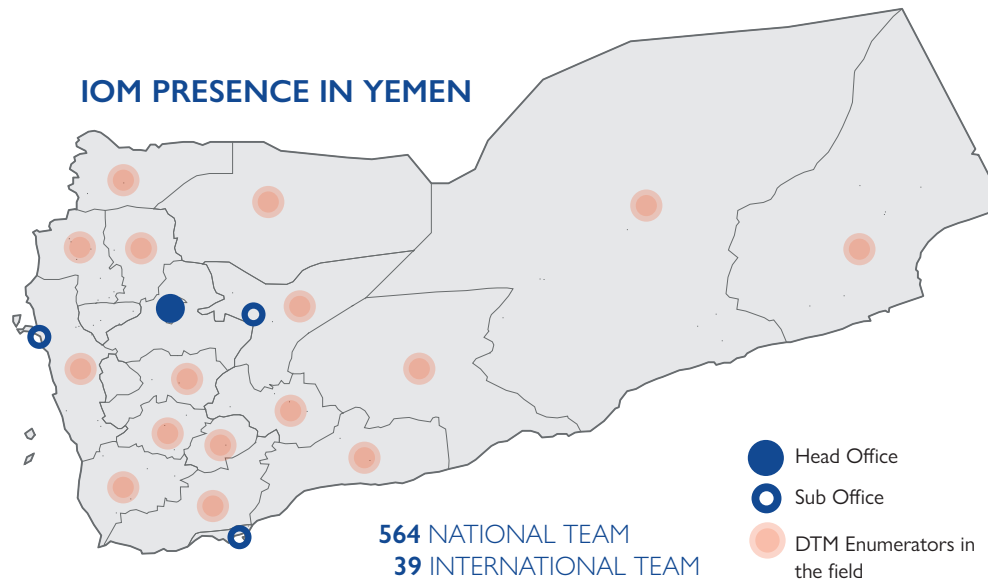
Contributing to improving stability by assisting communities in pockets of stability and increasing social inclusion and cohesion in those areas.



#### Preserving the capacity of public sector institutions

Rehabilitating key public service infrastructure and supporting specific institutions to provide assistance to vulnerable groups.

### IOM PRESENCE IN YEMEN



### SHELTER & NON-FOOD ITEMS | S-NFI

*Cluster Co-lead.* Providing NFI kits tailored to specific needs and shelter support to people living in collective centres, makeshift shelters and open-air spaces



### CAMP COORDINATION & CAMP MANAGEMENT | CCCM

*Cluster Lead.* Ensuring displaced communities have access to humanitarian assistance and protection through establishing and operating reception centres



### DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX | DTM

Producing a common tool to help define humanitarian needs and response in Yemen through monitoring displacement and population movements within Yemen

