

IOMSOUTH SUDAN



IOM provides access to safe drinking water at the Wau PoC site. IOM/Mohammed 2016

IOM teams continue lifesaving humanitarian activities across South Sudan, where more than 6.1 million people are in need of assistance. Since December 2013, the crisis has displaced 2.3 million people, including 726,600 who have fled to neighbouring countries and more than 1.61 million others who remain internally displaced.

Humanitarian needs remain high in Wau, Western Bahr el Ghazal, since fighting broke out in late June. An IOM rapid response team remains on the ground to support an estimated 75,800 internally displaced persons (IDPs).

Despite efforts to improve and extend the displacement site next to the UNMISS base in Wau, conditions remain crowded. IOM, as camp manager of the site, has relocated 4,000 people to the extension to decongest the site and improve access to services. IOM movement tracking data indicates that approximately 2,500 people have arrived at the site in the past two weeks, bringing the total population to approximately 23,500 people. IOM has constructed temporary shelters to protect new arrivals from the rain and is currently constructing additional communal shelters.

Approximately 12,500 people remain displaced due to the fighting in Juba in July. 11,338 people are sheltering at the UNMISS peacekeeping base in Tong Ping and at the UN protection of civilians (PoC) site at UN House, where 28,000 people were registered prior to the 7 July fighting. An additional 1,250 people are sheltering in community centres in town.

IOM is coordinating with the Health Cluster to respond to a cholera outbreak in South Sudan. As of 1 August, health agencies had reported 679 cholera cases, including 16 deaths, in Juba, Terekeka and Duk.

IOM is conducting cholera surveillance, treatment and prevention across Juba. IOM supported Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF) to conduct an oral cholera vaccine (OCV) campaign at the Tong Ping site. IOM and Impact Health Organization trained 40 health and hygiene promoters to spread messages on cholera prevention and treatment in Juba.

HIGHLIGHTS

IOM supports oral cholera vaccine campaign at Tong Ping

4,000 people relocate to improved area of Wau PoC site

RRF partners respond to growing needs in Wau

KEY FIGURES

25-31 July 2016



million displaced internally and countries

726,600

displaced to neighbouring countries



114,984

IDPs accessed safe drinking water

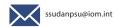


health consultations conducted



humanitarian cargo transported for IOM & humanitarian partners







Juba Emergency Response

IOM is providing multi-sector assistance at the UNMISS Tong Ping base and providing coordination and pipeline support for the Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM), Shelter and Non-Food Items and Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) clusters responding to needs across Juba.

IOM is working closely with UNMISS engineering on site improvement and planning to mitigate flooding and maintain living conditions in the base. IOM has completed 37 communal shelters on the base to provide IDPs protection from environmental conditions. 170 people have been safely relocated from the Tong Ping site to the PoC site at UN House.

IOM supported MSF to complete an oral cholera vaccination campaign at the Tong Ping site as part of the Health Cluster effort to stem the cholera outbreak, reaching 3,800 people. In addition, IOM is managing oral rehydration points in the site, mapping cholera hotspot locations, treating cholera cases at the temporary clinic in Tong Ping and referring severe cases to the cholera treatment centre at the Juba Teaching Hospital (JTH).

Wau Emergency Response

Intense fighting in Wau town in late June displaced thousands from their homes and exacerbated existing needs due to insecurity since late 2015. While aid agencies are providing assistance in town, tens of thousands of displaced families are cut-off from aid in areas south of town due to access constraints.

IOM is providing multi-sector humanitarian aid, including safe drinking water and shelter support, for 23,500 people sheltering near the UNMISS base and conducting site development works. IOM also provides health care and shelter assistance at the Cathedral and South Sudan Red Cross in town.

The majority of the 2,500 new arrivals in recent weeks are from areas outside of Wau. Insecurity is reported to be the main reason for coming to the site. IOM erected temporary coverings to provide shelter for new arrivals who are not absorbed into existing households.

With support from the Rapid Response Fund (RRF), ACTED is providing camp management services at the collective centres in Wau town that continue to shelter IDPs. At the PoC site, RRF partner Hold the Child Organization is conducting child protection activities, including managing child friendly spaces and supporting family reunification.

For more information on the Wau response, please see http://bit.ly/2azj4iH.

Bentiu PoC Site

IOM provides multi-sector humanitarian assistance to approximately 102,200 IDPs at the Bentiu PoC site. IOM serves as camp manager of the site, coordinating humanitarian services and maintaining infrastructure.

IOM continues to test suspected cases of tuberculosis (TB) for patients in the PoC site and those who visit IOM's mobile clinic in Bentiu town. To date, 447 people have been tested and 75 people are undergoing treatment.

The WASH and Health teams continue regular messaging campaigns on good health and hygiene practices, with a focus on cholera prevention. Hygiene promoters have received refresher trainings on cholera symptoms and treatment.

To curb the spread of waterborne diseases, staff also conduct weekly bacteriological analysis of drinking water to ensure the water is safe to consume and free of harmful bacteria.



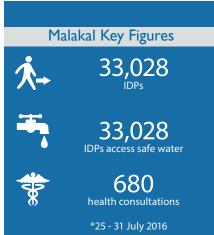
Malakal PoC Site

IOM is responding to the humanitarian needs of approximately 33,028 IDPs at the Malakal PoC site.

IOM continues to provide WASH and health care assistance to households across the site, as well as conduct site improvement and maintenance. Site improvements are ongoing to both rehabilitate areas of the site damaged by the fighting in February 2016 and provide general care and maintenance.

With support from the RRF, International Medical Corps (IMC) is providing nutrition support to IDPs in the Malakal PoC site and in town. IMC staff are screening and treating children for moderate to severe acute malnutrition and conducting young child feeding sessions for new mothers.

For more on IOM's work in Malakal, see http://bit.ly/29LnlBF.



Melut PoC Site

IOM provides WASH services to nearly 700 IDPs at the Melut PoC site in Upper Nile. IDPs are receiving an average of 37.6 L of safe drinking water per person per day. WASH staff continue maintenance of sanitation facilities, including latrines and bathing facilities, and conduct hygiene promotion.

Renk

In Renk County, IOM provides clinical assistance to IDPs, returnees and host communities, conducting 970 consultations and delivering 15 babies during the week of 25 July. Health officers also vaccinated 220 children under the age of five against common diseases.

Bor PoC Site

IDPs in Bor continue to participate in seven PSS mobile teams, reaching nearly 171 people this past week. IOM continues to manage the Humanitarian Hub at the Bor PoC site to shelter humanitarians working at the site.

IOM Programme Spotlight: Psychosocial Support

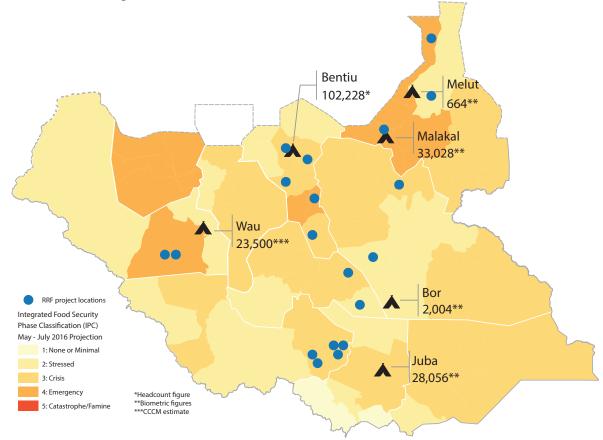
At the PoC sites in Bentiu, Bor and Wau, IOM provides psychosocial support (PSS) to people affected by the crisis, with a focus on youth, adults and community-driven programming. IOM staff and IDPs trained in psychosocial first aid conduct regular visits to households across the sites to spread messages on psychosocial well-being, provide tips on how to cope with the challenging situation and inform IDPs of the counseling services that IOM can provide on a one-on-one basis.



Psychosocial support community mobilizers speak to a group of IDPs at the Wau PoC site. IOM/Mohammed 2016.

Rapid Response Fund (RRF)

With funding from the USAID Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance, IOM manages the RRF to support relief agencies across the country to swiftly implement specific emergency interventions. The RRF is currently funding five NGOs, including ACTED, Hold the Child Organization, IMC, MAYA and World Vision.



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Humanitarian Aid





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