

HUMANITARIAN UPDATE #58

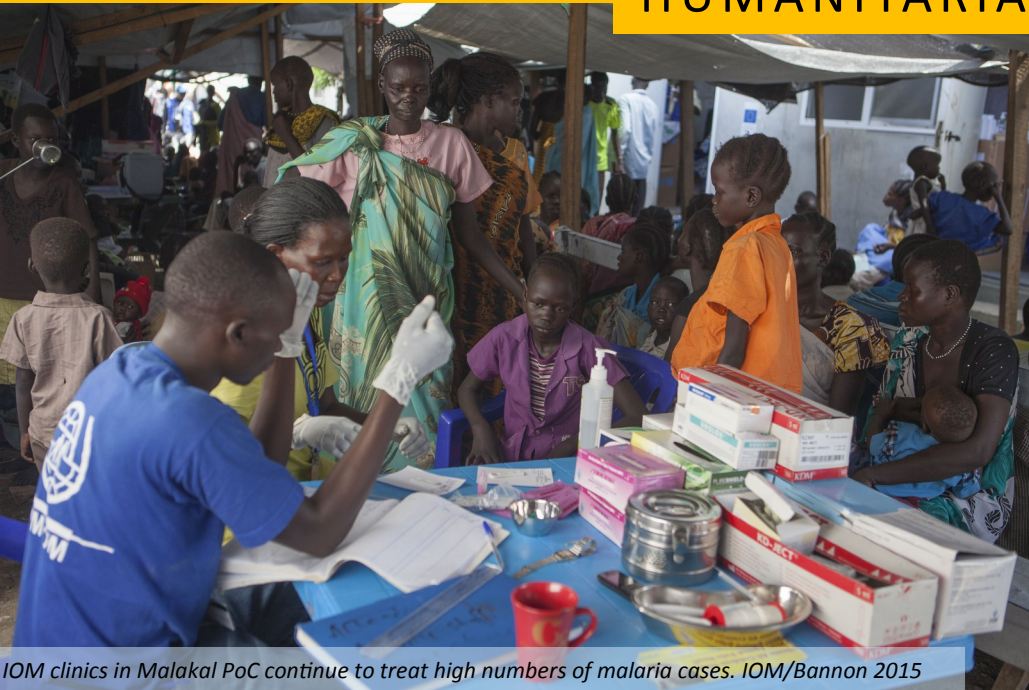
HIGHLIGHTS

IOM South Sudan releases redesigned website:

<http://southsudan.iom.int/>

More than 6,000 new arrivals recorded at the Bentiu PoC site in October

IOM health teams respond to malaria epidemic



IOM clinics in Malakal PoC continue to treat high numbers of malaria cases. IOM/Bannon 2015

IOM provides multi-sector humanitarian assistance to vulnerable populations across South Sudan as conflict, access constraints and food insecurity continue to drive increased needs and displacement.

Since December 2013, the crisis has displaced more than 2.3 million people, including 644,800 who have fled to neighbouring countries and more than 1.66 million others who remain internally displaced.

Approximately 200,518 people are sheltering at UN Mission in South Sudan (UNMISS) protection of civilian (PoC) sites across the country. IOM continues to respond to humanitarian needs at these sites in Bentiu, Unity State; Bor, Jonglei State; Malakal, Upper Nile State and Melut, Upper Nile.

The Government of the Republic of South Sudan (GoRSS) declared an end to the cholera outbreak on 3 November. Meanwhile, the malaria epidemic continues to spread, with nearly 1.6 million cases reported this year, according to the UN. IOM health teams continue to treat high numbers of malaria cases at clinics in the Bentiu and Malakal PoC sites and in Renk, Upper Nile.

IOM mobile response teams have deployed to Canal/Pigi County, Jonglei, to provide water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) assistance to IDP and host community households in Kurwai and Kolapach. The IOM teams are conducting hygiene promotion activities and distributing relief items, including soap, water carrying containers and water filters

and purification tablets.

IOM continues to support the coordination of humanitarian assistance throughout South Sudan by serving as co-leads of the Shelter/Non-Food Items (NFI) and Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM) clusters. In addition, IOM contributions to the Shelter/NFI and WASH core pipelines help ensure that partners have access to relief commodities in a timely and efficient manner.

IOM South Sudan has redesigned its website, which can be found at <http://southsudan.iom.int/>. The revamped website includes new features such as interactive maps of programme coverage and photo galleries.

UNMISS PoC Biometric/Temporary Registration Data as of 13 November	IDPs
UN House Juba, Central Equatoria State	27,974
Bor, Jonglei State	2,283
Malakal, Upper Nile State	47,791
Bentiu, Unity State	121,340
Melut, Upper Nile State	928
Wau, Western Bahr el Ghazal State	202
Total	200,518

BENTIU POC SITE

IOM provides multi-sector humanitarian assistance to approximately 121,300 IDPs sheltering at the Bentiu PoC site, where the IDP population has increased by more than 40 per cent since early July.

Displacement, Tracking and Monitoring (DTM)

Between 3 and 30 October, more than 6,000 IDPs arrived at the site. The rate of influx increased during the last three weeks of October as armed clashes and limited humanitarian access were reported in parts of Unity. During focus group discussions, an overwhelming 97 per cent of new arrivals cited food insecurity as their motivation for seeking shelter at the site. The majority of new arrivals fled Unity's Leer, Rubkona and Koch counties.

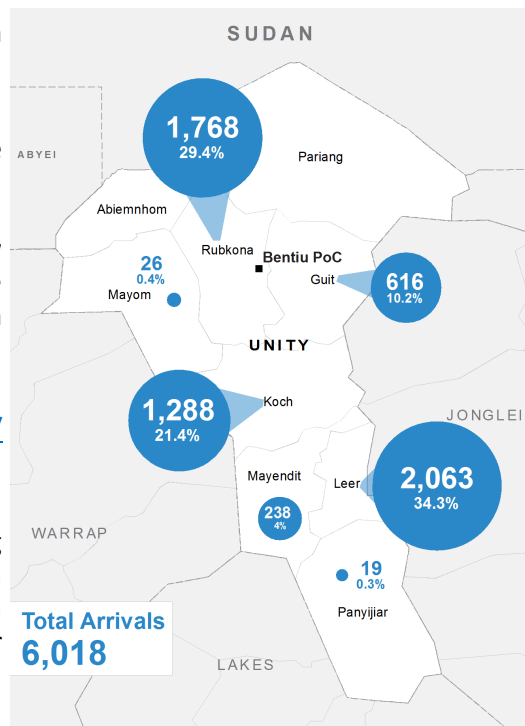
For further information on displacement data and trends in South Sudan, please refer to the DTM website at <http://www.iomsouthsudan.org/tracking/index.php>.

CCCM

IOM is leading efforts to expand the Bentiu PoC site to improve living conditions and increase IDP access to humanitarian services. Construction and relocation activities have resumed in Sector 1, where IDPs have been working alongside shelter partner Concern Worldwide to complete shelter construction and enable relocation of IDPs to the improved area.

IOM continues ground and drainage works on two contingency areas and backfilling and levelling in four blocks of Sector 2.

County of origin of new arrivals to Bentiu PoC site from 3—30 Oct



Shelter construction in Sector 1 of Bentiu PoC. IOM/2015

Health

IOM's two health care clinics conducted 5,860 consultations between 26 October and 8 November. Malaria continues to be the highest cause of morbidity, accounting for nearly half of all consultations. From 2–9 November, IOM health promoters reached more than 9,100 IDPs with messages on good health seeking habits, malaria prevention and maternal health care.

WASH

IOM is providing safe, treated drinking water to more than 47,000 IDPs at the Bentiu PoC, with IDPs receiving an average of 9.5 litres per person per day.

IOM also conducts regular maintenance and repair of WASH infrastructure—including water tanks, pipelines and taps—to ensure access to clean water and mitigate

extra stress on water systems. Liquid waste management and garbage collection activities are ongoing.

BENTIU TOWN

IOM is also providing WASH assistance to IDPs in Bentiu town outside of the PoC site. Hygiene promoters routinely spread messages on good hygiene and sanitation practices, reaching more than 14,000 people in town, nearby villages and market places during the reporting period.

IOM staff also distributed laundry soap to IDPs during the recent General Food Distribution (GFD) in Bentiu town.



IOM hygiene promoters provide soap during a GFD in Bentiu town. IOM/2015

MALAKAL POC SITE

At the Malakal PoC site, the UN is providing protection to approximately 47,800 IDPs. As the CCCM and WASH focal point for Upper Nile, IOM provides multi-sector assistance to IDPs across the site.

DTM

Since mid-October, population movements into the Malakal PoC have shown a decreasing trend, with lower numbers of entries and exits compared to late September and early October. Between 26 October and 6 November, only four new arrivals were recorded. This trend could be attributed to the ongoing food distribution in nearby Wau Shilluk. Exits from the PoC are mostly motivated by family reunification on the western bank, which may be an indication of possible return.

CCCM

IOM is supporting camp manager Danish Refugee Council (DRC) and UNMISS to prepare for the relocation of IDPs from crowded PoCs 3 and 4 to the new contingency area/Sector 4. Once the process begins, the relocation will involve biometric registration, issuance of shelter tokens, transportation of IDPs and belongings and allocation of shelters.

Health



IOM provides OCV to people passing through the entrance gate of the Malakal PoC. IOM/2015

Malaria remains the top cause of morbidity at IOM's two health care clinics in the Malakal PoC, representing 48 per cent of the 2,304 consultations conducted from 26 October and 8 November. In addition to providing diagnostic and treatment care for malaria patients, IOM conducted 30 health sessions and more than 3,000 household visits to promote good health seeking habits, disease prevention and early treatment.

With support from the USAID Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (USAID/OFDA) Rapid Response Fund, IOM is providing oral cholera vaccines (OCV) at the entrance gate of the PoC site.

WASH

IOM is providing an average of 12 liters of safe drinking water per person per day for all 47,791 IDPs residing at the Malakal PoC site. With the support of pump operations, IOM pumps water directly from the White Nile River to the PoC site each day for treatment and onward distribution. IOM also conducts regular hygiene promotion, latrine desludging/dislodging, NFI distributions to new arrivals and WASH infrastructure construction.



IOM pumps water from the White Nile River for treatment and distribution in the Malakal PoC. IOM/2015

MELUT POC SITE

WASH

IOM WASH staff are on the ground and providing WASH services to approximately 900 IDPs at the Melut PoC site. IDPs are receiving an average of 26 litres of safe drinking water per person per day, as well as accessing latrines and bathing facilities at a ratio of 1 latrine per 24 people and 1 bathing facility per 28 people. IOM also conducts regular hygiene promotion activities, recently reaching 100 children in the school through a hand and face washing demonstration.

RENK

Health

In Renk County, Upper Nile, IOM provides clinical assistance to IDPs, returnees and host communities. From 26 October to 8 November, IOM health staff conducted more than 3,100 health consultations at three clinics in the county. Consistent with the malaria epidemic across the country, malaria was the most prevalent medical condition of patients seeking health assistance at IOM clinics in Renk.

SURVIVAL KIT OPERATION

IOM is working with partners to implement an emergency airlift operation to provide lifesaving assistance to civilians who remain cut-off from relief aid due to insecurity in Greater Upper Nile.

To date, relief agencies have delivered more than 19,600 survival kits in 12 deep-field locations. IOM staff recently supported a four-rotation delivery to populations in Unity's Guit County.

The lightweight, portable kits include mosquito nets, short-maturity vegetable seeds, fishing supplies, water containers, water purification tablets, oral rehydration salts, nutritional biscuits and kitchen sets.

IOM staff both deploy on survival kit operations and help assemble/coordinate the delivery of survival kits from Rumbek, Lakes State.



RAPID RESPONSE FUND (RRF)

With funding from USAID/OFDA, IOM manages the RRF to support relief agencies across the country to swiftly implement specific emergency interventions. The RRF currently covers five states in South Sudan with the support of partner organizations and IOM direct-implementation projects.

During the week of 2 November, Action Against Hunger (ACF) screened 736 children under five years for malnutrition in five centres across Fangak County, Jonglei. Of these, ACF admitted 43 children for treatment of moderate acute malnutrition and 13 for severe acute malnutrition.

Nonviolent Peaceforce recently conducted a two-day gender-based violence awareness training for 135 participants in Motot, Uror County, Jonglei, and a three-day Community Protection training in Yuai, Uror, for 150 Women's Peacekeeping Teams.

In Upper Nile, IMA World Health continues to support five emergency mobile clinics for IDPs in Kodok, Fashoda County, and one mobile clinic in Delel Ajak, Manyo County.

To reach displaced and vulnerable populations in Nyal, Panyijar County, Unity, Mercy Corps is distributing emergency relief item kits to displaced households, reaching more than 2,800 households to date.

The RRF is supporting camp management activities of DRC in the Benitu and Malakal PoC sites.

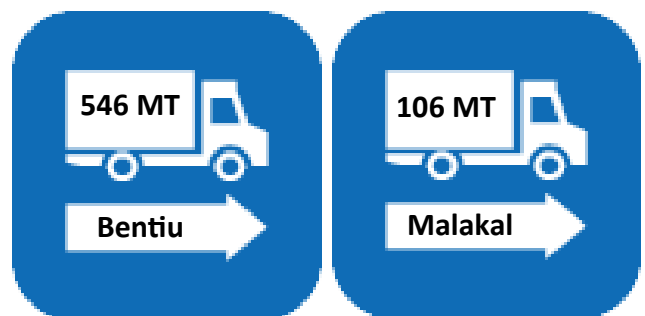
The International Rescue Committee has deployed an emergency medical team to the Bentiu PoC site to set up two mobile primary health care clinics.

Oxfam continues efforts to improve WASH conditions and practices in Juba and Bor, with a focus on cholera prevention.

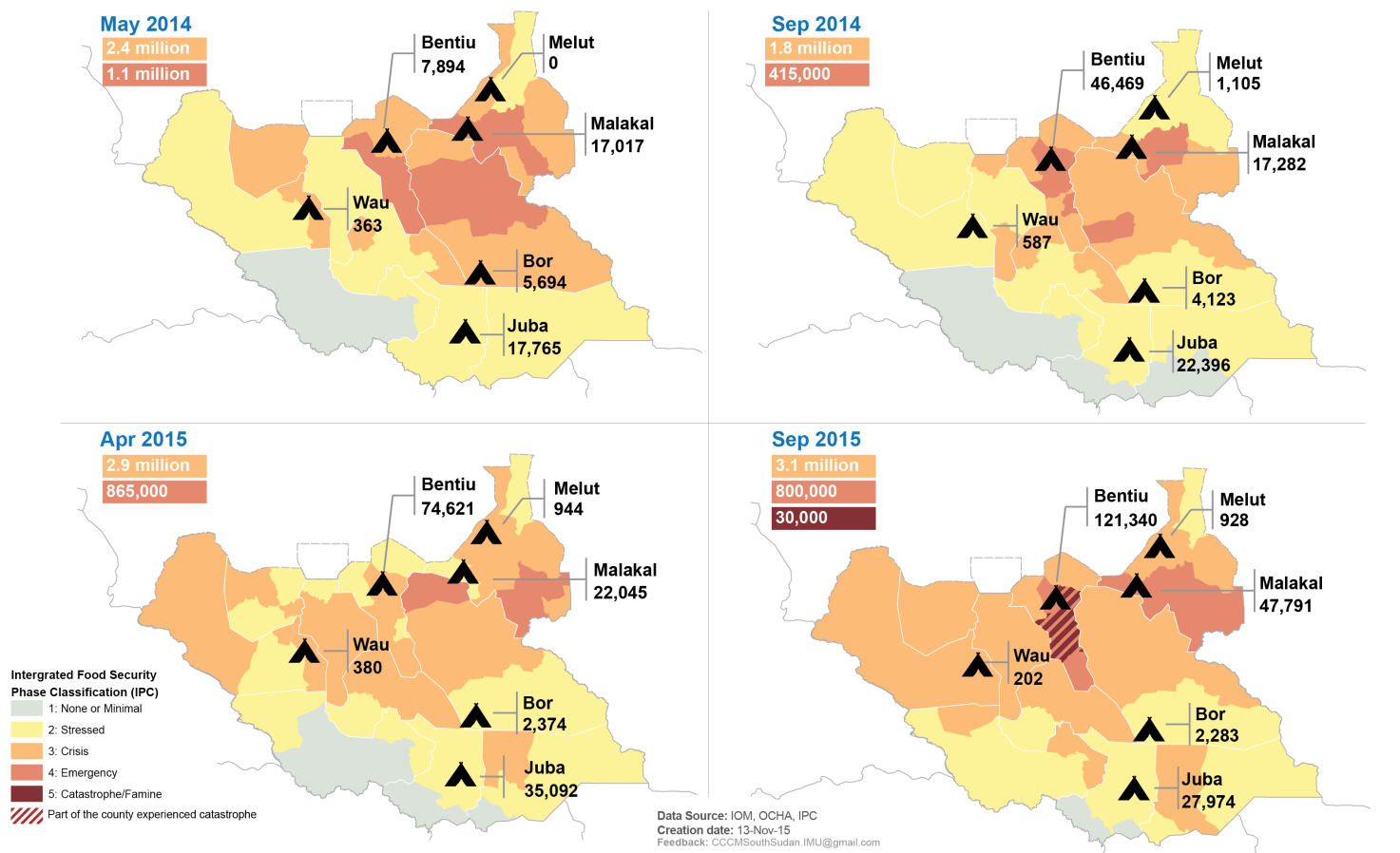
COMMON-TRANSPORT SERVICE (CTS)

The IOM-operated CTS is a free-for-user service for transporting humanitarian supplies in South Sudan to help partners deliver assistance to vulnerable populations.

During the last fortnight, 13 CTS trucks delivered more than 785 metric tons (MT) of humanitarian cargo, with Bentiu and Malakal receiving the largest deliveries.



IOM COMPARISON OF POCS AND IPC* DATA FOR 2014 AND 2015



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*Integrated Food Security Phase Classification

Funding for IOM South Sudan's emergency operation is provided by



From the People of Japan



CENTRAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE FUND





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CHF The Common Humanitarian Fund