



Flow Monitoring - Spontaneous Returns of Undocumented Afghans from Pakistan

16th - 22nd September 2018



Overall returnees through **Torkham and Chaman** since January 2018 **23,631**

For this reporting period **188** interviews were conducted comprising of the following categories

- 83.5%** *Undocumented families
- 11.8%** *Undocumented individuals travelling with documented families
- 4.7%** *Undocumented individuals travelling alone

* interviews were conducted at both transit points, Torkham and Chaman/Spin Boldak

WHO IS AN UNDOCUMENTED AFGHAN

- Individuals with No Documents
- Individuals with No Passport or Lapsed Visa
- Individuals with Tazkira
- Individuals with Expired POR Card
- Individuals with ACC Card
- Individuals with ACC Token

- 71%** Individuals with no documents
Afghans who do not have any legal document (POR, ACC, VISA)
- 16%** Individuals with ACC
Individuals with Afghan Citizen Card (ACC)
- 9%** Individuals with Tazkira
Afghan ID card that comes under the undocumented Afghans category
- 4%** Individuals with ACC Token
Individuals who received token to obtain ACC
- 0%** Individuals with Expired POR Card
Proof of Registration (POR) cards that have expired before 2015
- 0%** Individuals with no Passport or Expired Visa
Afghans with expired visa or passport without visa



480 Undocumented Afghan individuals returned to Afghanistan through the **Torkham and Chaman/Spin Boldak** border. **260** individuals used the **Torkham** border crossing while **220** individuals crossed through **Chaman/Spin Boldak** border crossing.

RESPONDENT'S PROFILE

Respondents by Gender

65% Male, **35% Female**

Age Group of Respondents

Age Group	Gender	Total %
5 - 17 Yr	Male	3%
18 - 59 Yr	Male/Female	90%
60 + Yr	Male/Female	7%

RETURNEE'S PROFILE

Age-Gender Disaggregation (Individuals)

Total Female: **54.2%**, Total Male: **45.8%**

Age Group	Female %	Male %
60+ Yr	2.4%	1.8%
18-59 Yr	24.3%	16.3%
5 - 17 Yr	16.4%	16.6%
0 - 4 Yr	11.1%	11.1%

VULNERABLE CASES

Overall **7%** individuals were identified as vulnerable during this reporting period

- 35%** Elderly Members
- 5%** Disabled Persons
- 35%** Chronically ill persons
- 1%** Pregnant Women
- 5%** Female Headed Households
- 19%** *Widows + Other

*Other includes **15%** widow and **4%** mentally ill.

TRANSPORT & ASSETS

Overall **96** vehicles crossed from **Torkham and Chaman/Spin Boldak** borders. Majority of the returnees used **Trucks and Pickups (56% and 33% respectively)** to return to Afghanistan. **Cash & Household Items** were reported as highest priority assets for migrants returning to Afghanistan.

* % of Households travelling with assets to Afghanistan

Border	Asset Type	Female %	Male %
Torkham	Household Items or Personal Belongings	48%	52%
	Productive Assets	31%	69%
	Families Carrying Cash	49%	51%
	Livestock	50%	50%
	Own Transportation	33%	67%
	Household Items or Personal Belongings	3%	97%
Chaman	Household Items or Personal Belongings	3%	97%
	Productive Assets	5%	95%
	Families Carrying Cash	5%	95%
	Livestock	0%	100%
	Own Transportation	0%	100%
	Household Items or Personal Belongings	100%	0%

Transport Type Summary

Transport Type	Percentage	Average Individuals per Vehicle
Truck	56%	7
Pickup	33%	7
Bus	11%	8
Rented Car	0%	-
By Foot	0%	-

RETURNS & ACC CARD DISTRIBUTION

Legend: **Torkham** (Blue line), **Chaman** (Orange line), **ACC Applications Received** (Green circles), **ACC Card Distributed** (Purple circles), **Key Events** (T_T)

Initiation of ACC Centers Closing (9 - Mar - 2018)

Date	Torkham Returns	Chaman Returns	ACC Applications Received	ACC Card Distributed
31 Dec - 6 Jan	140	242	10,613	320,000
7 - 13 Jan	112	176	175,321	327,664
14 - 20 Jan	133	221	284,964	-
21 - 27 Jan	163	207	-	-
28 Jan - 3 Feb	235	285	-	-
4 - 10 Feb	130	194	-	-
11 - 17 Feb	113	146	-	-
18 - 24 Feb	129	227	-	-
25 Feb - 3 Mar	231	250	-	-
4 - 10 Mar	269	326	-	-
11 - 17 Mar	347	211	-	-
18 - 24 Mar	347	518	-	-
25 - 31 Mar	422	354	-	-
1 - 7 April	436	541	-	-
8 - 14 April	470	491	-	-
15 - 21 April	361	458	-	-
22 - 28 April	518	600	-	-
29 April - 5 May	502	741	-	-
6 - 12 May	293	512	-	-
13 - 19 May	193	533	-	-
20 - 26 May	78	114	-	-
27 May - 2 June	107	167	-	-
3 - 9 June	46	38	-	-
10 - 16 June	12	202	-	-
17 - 23 June	191	652	-	-
24 - 30 June	583	473	-	-
1 - 7 July	420	489	-	-
8 - 14 July	376	480	-	-
15 - 21 July	297	37	-	-
22 - 28 July	92	455	-	-
29 July - 4 Aug	37	405	-	-
5 - 11 Aug	225	362	-	-
12 - 18 Aug	187	254	-	-
19 - 25 Aug	26	330	-	-
26 Aug - 1 Sep	268	423	-	-
2 - 8 Sep	268	489	-	-
9 - 15 Sep	383	520	-	-
16 - 22 Sep	220	220	-	-



PUSH AND PULL FACTORS RECORDED BASED ON RETURNEES RESPONSE



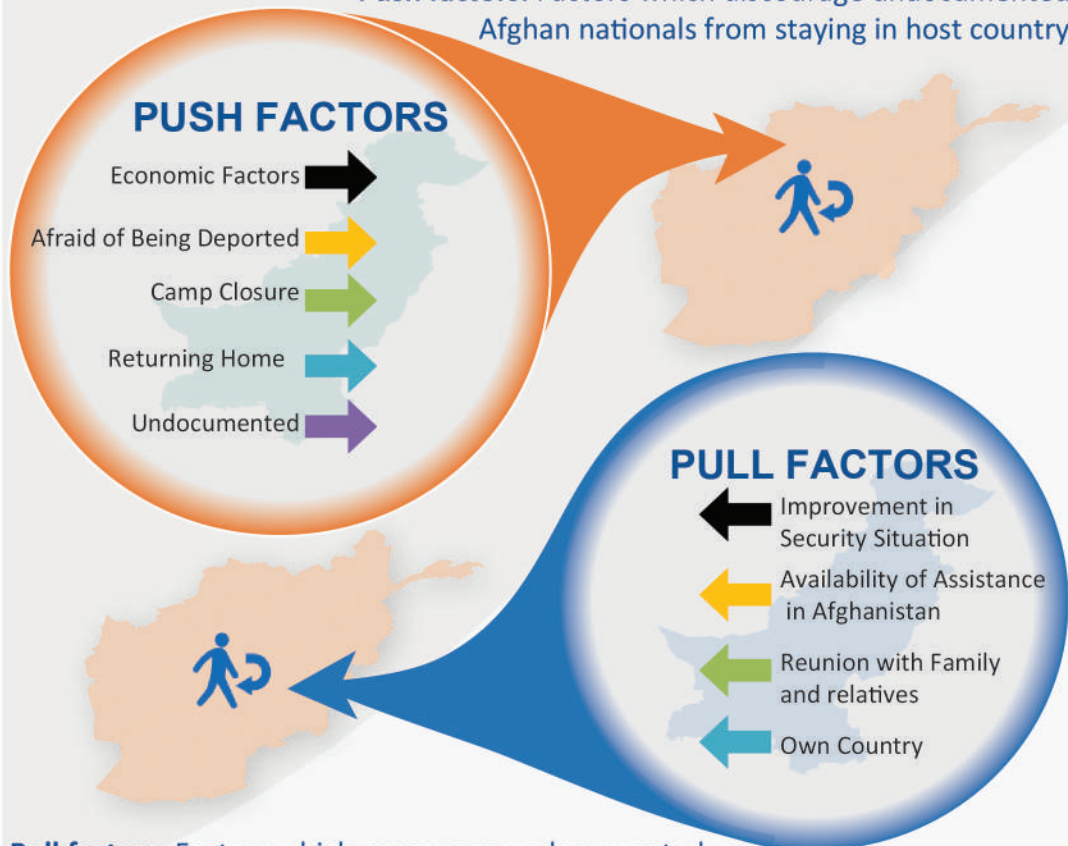
Push factors: Factors which discourage undocumented Afghan nationals from staying in host country.

In **Torkham**, 'Returning Home' is trending downwards, and **67%** of the respondents cited this as a push factor (decrease of 4 percentage points compared to the last reporting period). 'Afraid of Being Deported' is trending upwards and **38%** of the respondents cited this as a push factor (increase of 16 percentage points compared to the last reporting period). 'Economic Factors' is trending downwards and is at **37%** (decrease of 10 percentage points compared to the last reporting period). 'Lack of Documentation' is trending upwards and is at **11%** (increase of 9 percentage points). Whereas, 'Camp Closure' increased slightly and is at **8%** (increase of 1 percentage point).

In **Chaman**, 'Returning Home' is trending downwards, and **54%** of the respondents cited this as a push factor (decrease of 14 percentage points compared to the last reporting period). 'Afraid of Being Deported' is trending upwards and **31%** of the respondents cited this as a push factor (increase of 10 percentage points compared to the last reporting period). 'Economic Factors' remained the same at **6%**. Whereas **none** of the respondents at **Chaman** reported 'Lack of Documentation,' or 'Camp Closure' as a push factor.

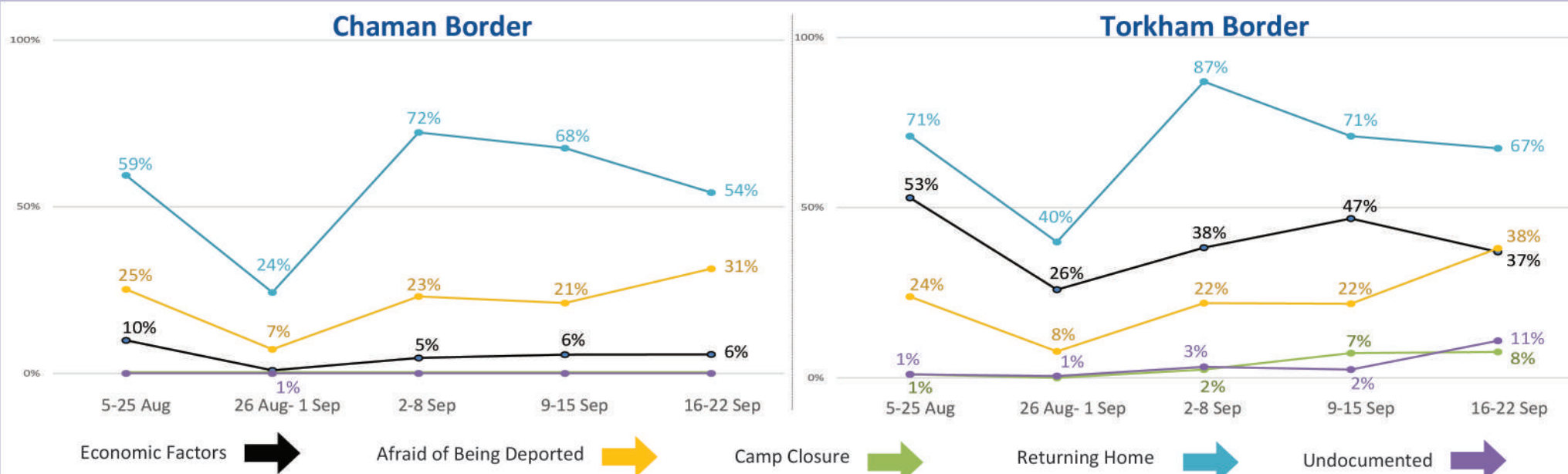
The indicator rated as the main pull factor for both border crossing points was 'Own Country.' This was reported by **100%** of the respondents at **Torkham** and **71%** of the respondents at **Chaman**. The second highest concern was 'Reunion with Family / Relative' which was reported by **73%** of the respondents at **Torkham** and **29%** of the respondents at **Chaman**.

None of the respondents at **Torkham** and **Chaman** reported 'Availability of Assistance in Afghanistan' or 'Improvement in Security Situation' as a pull factor.



Pull factors: Factors which encourage undocumented Afghan nationals to return to their country of origin.

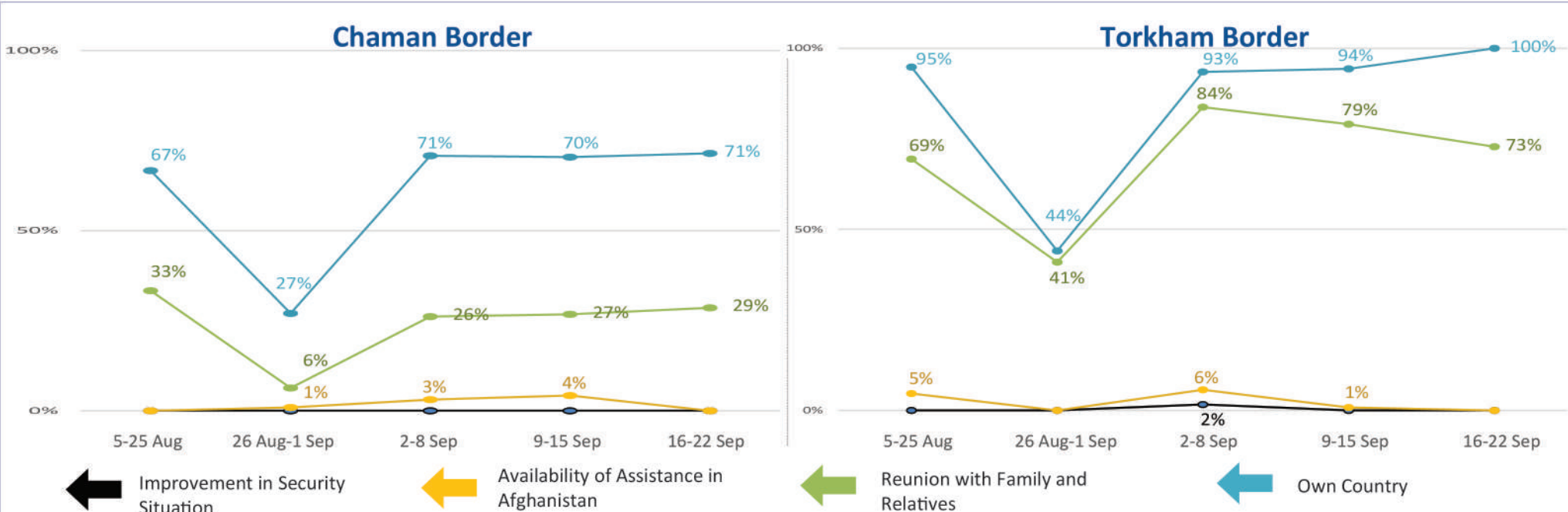
PUSH Factors (Weekly Trend)



Top three ranked provinces of origin preferred by returnees based on the PUSH Factors' responses are.



PULL Factors (Weekly Trend)



Top three ranked destinations in Afghanistan, preferred by returnees based on the PULL Factors' responses are.





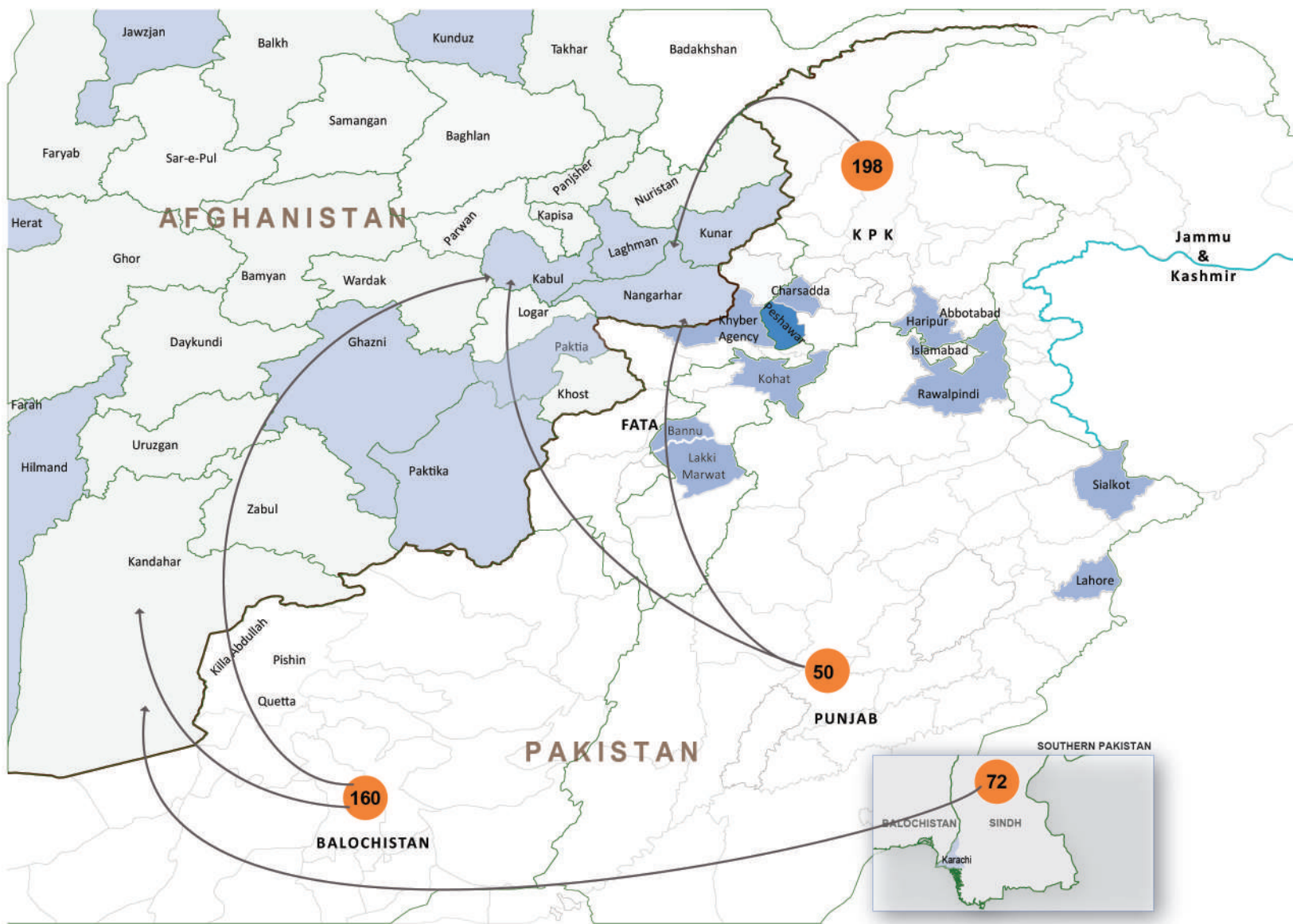
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HIGH RETURN AREAS

Population Movement Trend for Spontaneous Returns of Undocumented Afghans from Pakistan



The top 5 destination provinces for returns are

- Nangarhar (27%)
- Kandahar (24%)
- Kabul (18%)
- Kunduz (10%)
- Laghman (5%)



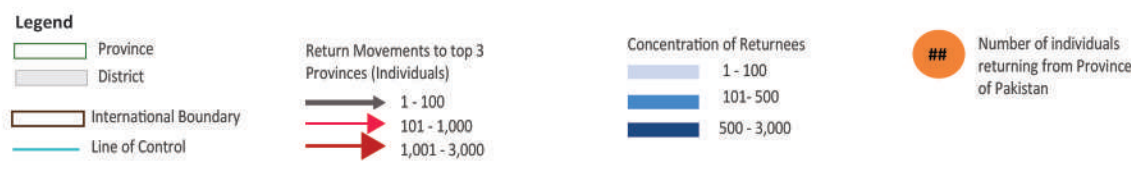
The largest proportion of returns are from:

- Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (40%)
- Balochistan (33%)
- Sindh (15%)
- Punjab (10%)
- PAK (2%)

Data Source: Population Census Organization, UNOCHA

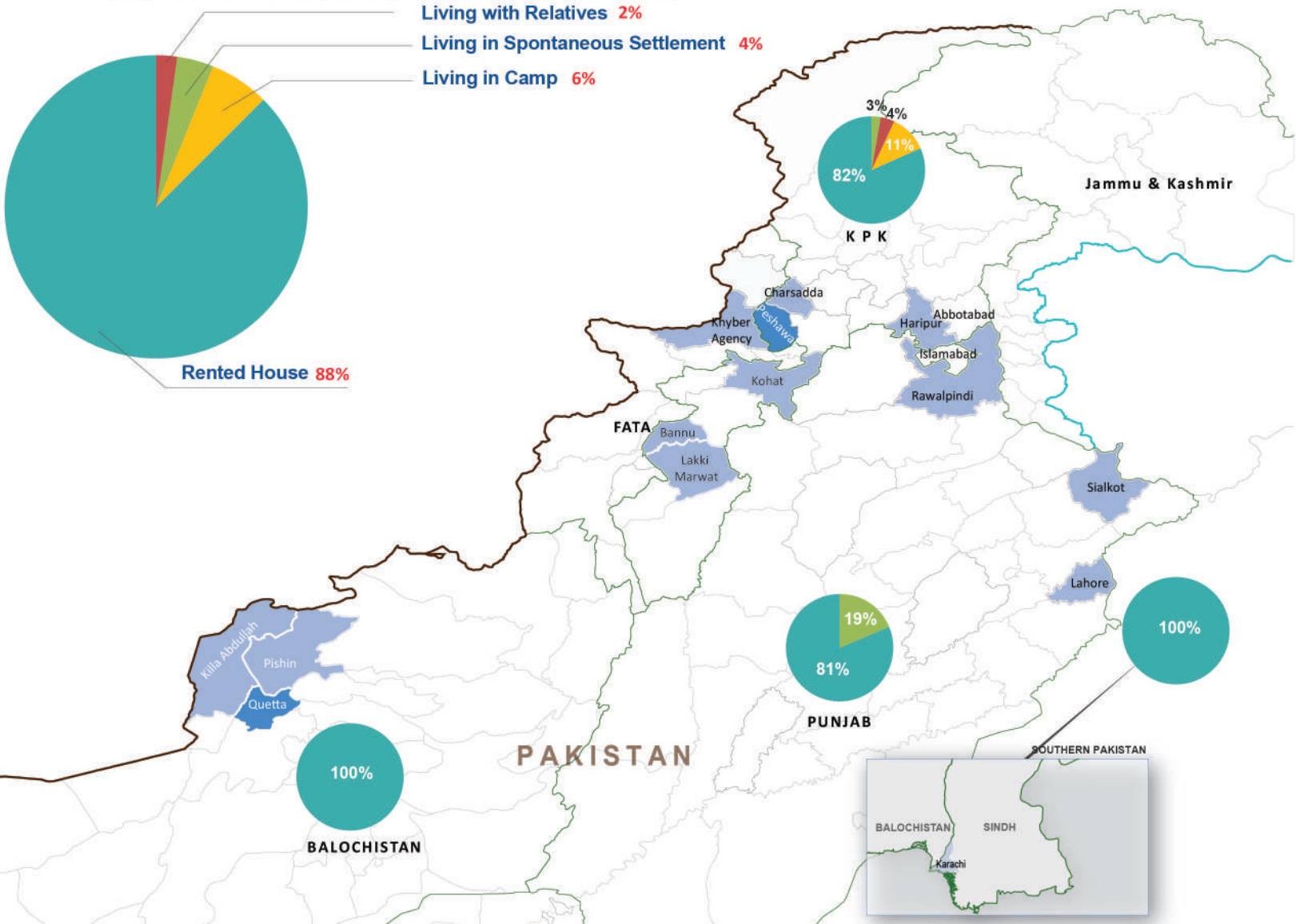
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LIVING CONDITIONS IN PAKISTAN

Current Living Conditions of Undocumented Afghans in Pakistan



Overall **88%** of Undocumented Afghan returnees from this week lived in **rented houses**, followed by **6%** living in **camps**, whereas the remaining **6%** comprise of families that lived in 'spontaneous settlements' or 'with a relative'.

There are differences at the provincial level, where for example in **Sindh & Balochistan 100%** of Undocumented Afgh returnees reported living in **rented houses**, followed by **82%** in **KPK**, and **81%** in **Punjab**.

It was observed that in **Punjab 19%**, of Undocumented Afghan returnees lived in a **Spontaneous settlements** followed by **3%** in **KPK** and **none** in **Balochistan** or **Sindh**.

Data Source: Population Census Organization, UNOCHA

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* The Response for "Own House" relates to the fact that land/house is bought in the name of Pakistani relatives.