

1,514,662 persons

Affected by Cyclone IDAI as reported by INGC

39,410 persons

Reported across 37 sites in Beira, Dondo, Nhamatanda in DTM's multi-sectoral location assessment

85,864 persons

IOM assisted with various shelter and essential household items in coordination with Shelter Cluster partners (17,054 HHs)



Child takes a drink from the water point, which provides safe drinking water for families at Samora Machel accommodation site. © IOM 2019



33%

RECEIVED: \$12.01 M

REQUESTED: 36.4 M



14%

ASSISTED: 85,864

TARGETED: 600,000

HIGHLIGHTS

As of 30 April, through the IOM-managed Common Pipeline, IOM and Shelter Cluster partners have distributed 35,800 tarpaulins, 1,859 toolkits, 8,200 blankets, 1,836 kitchen sets, and 368 solar lanterns to cyclone affected populations.

In coordination with the local government, IOM established five relocation sites in Beira, which are sheltering approximately 6,000 individuals. In these sites, IOM coordinates with partner agencies ensuring essential services including protection, water and sanitation, and health services are available.

An IOM-led mobile medical team, comprising of a medical doctor and two community health workers have been deployed to assist in anticipated movements/returns, with a focus on persons with communicable diseases, including HIV and TB. The Protection Team is also closely monitoring the safety and dignity of movements.

SITUATION OVERVIEW

Tropical Cyclone Idai made landfall in central Mozambique on 14 March 2019. An estimated 1.85 million people across Mozambique have been affected, according to the UN. As of 30 April, more than 50 locations remain hard to reach in Nhamatanda, Buzi and Chibabava districts. According to IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM), a total of 21,452 persons (4,230 households (HH)) are in resettlement locations across 47 locations across Sofala, Manica, Zambezia and Tete.

As of 25 April, the Health Cluster in Beira reported a total of 6,682 confirmed cases of Cholera, with eight deaths, 27 new cases (24 in Beira, 3 in Dondo). The Oral Cholera Vaccination Campaign ended on 9 April, with 803,125 people vaccinated. The Health Cluster is transitioning from emergency response to early recovery. IOM's emergency health and Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) programming experts are being deployed from across the region to Mozambique in order to support these urgent concerns.

IOM's main office in Maputo is coordinating response activities with sub-offices in Tete and Beira to support the emergency

response. In addition, IOM has deployed over 30 international technical experts on Shelter, Camp Management, Health, Protection, WASH and Early Recovery to enhance response capacity and initiate new activities. IOM is co-leading the Shelter-NFI Cluster with IFRC and supporting Mozambique National Institute of Disaster Management (INGC) within the Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM) Task Force.

In order to respond to the humanitarian needs of 1.85 million people affected by Cyclone Idai in Mozambique, IOM is appealing for USD 36.4 million for its emergency response for the next six months to September 2019. As of date, IOM appeal is currently funded at 33%. The UN is urgently seeking an additional USD 282 million of relief aid over the next three months to 30 June 2019. As of 20 April, the Humanitarian Response Plan is funded at USD 116.2 million, 24.3% of funding requirements of USD 337 million.

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SHELTER AND NFI

As of 26 April, IOM and Shelter Cluster partners have distributed 35,800 tarpaulins, 1,859 toolkits, 8,200 blankets, 1,836 kitchen sets, and 368 solar lanterns to the population affected by the Cyclone. As the lead on the common Shelter/NFI pipeline in Beira, IOM is coordinating closely with the Logistics Cluster at the Beira International Airport and taking delivery of new supplies and shipments. Distributions from warehouses near the airport are ongoing to partners for field level distributions. Mixed inter-sectoral distributions by air and road continue in coordination with Shelter, Food Security, WASH and Logistics Cluster partners but additional funding is required to continue ongoing work.



CAMP COORDINATION AND CAMP MANAGEMENT

From 21 to 26 April, the IOM CCCM team conducted site profiles including the service mapping which is developed and under review. The Agua Rural site was closed on 30 April following the move of 130 families to the Cura resettlement site, now with 452 persons (156 HH) at Cura, Nhamatanda. The CCCM team identified one service provider for health on site, however, there is no water access, latrines, and sufficient number of tents on site. Mandruzzi, Dono remains with 272 households of which 194 are without shelter.



The tarps travelled more than one hour on the waters of the Pungwe River before reaching the nearest accessible point to the villages. © IOM 2019

More resettlement movements conducted by INGC are to be expected in the coming days from Samora Machel Mafambisie accommodation site [to both Mandruzzi and Matua resettlement site]. A coordination meeting is scheduled for 3 May for partners to gather and provide updates on service coverage and provision to resettlement sites. The roll out of fire safety training has begun in Samora Machel, and the CCCM team delivered a CCCM Training to 30 INGC volunteers in Beira. The CCCM team also recruited volunteers to provide service mapping and referrals to services.



DISPLACEMENT TRACKING

DTM has now reached and assessed 115 displacement sites with 39,410 persons (9,099 HH) and 47 resettlement sites with 21,452 persons (4,230 HH). From 27 to 30 April, the DTM team carried out multi-sectoral assessments of displacement sites in Beira, Nhamatanda and Dondo. The results are expected within the next few days. In addition, DTM conducted an intention survey across nine camps located in Beira, Dondo and Nhamatanda. The results of the exercise are expected to be released within the next few days.

Currently, the DTM team is conducting assessments within host communities in Beira, Dondo and Nhamatanda to collect information on IDPs, returnees and affected populations. The assessment will include information on where reconstruction is already taking place and the most common methods of repair and reconstruction. DTM and CCCM teams will initiate a joint assessment in all the resettlement sites to collect information on IDPs, who are being resettled and their multisectoral needs.



WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE

IOM WASH conducted assessments at Mandruzzi and Mutua, two new resettlement sites in Dondo. IOM WASH in coordination with OXFAM distributed hygiene kits in Mandruzzi and Mutua to coincide with IOM planned Shelter distributions. In addition, IOM WASH and IFRC are to install additional water tank/bladder at Samora Machel temporary site, since currently only 10,000 water bladders are setup and supplying 276 HH.



Guara Guara Biro 5, a new permanent settlement has been set up in Buzi. People who were working on preparing their plots are walking back from the permanent settlement to the accommodation site. © IOM 2019

As the focus of the WASH emergency response is shifting towards recovery, IOM WASH in coordination with the WASH Cluster and partners ensures that the Cyclone affected populations in the existing and the new relocation sites are informed of site planning adjustments and replacement in accordance to the agreed global standards.



HEALTH

The current status of local healthcare facilities in Buzi, particularly for TB, continues to be of concern. TB diagnostic facilities in Buzi District Hospital have been damaged and not yet replaced, with sputum samples being sent to Beira for testing.

From 27 to 30 April, IOM's Health team undertook site visits to accommodation centres. In Sao Pedro Claver, the Migration Health (MH) team provided transportation and medicine to a patient (emergency case) with sciatica, and transported some analysis of TB suspected patients to Beira Central Hospital. In Samora Machel, the MH team provided transportation to transfer a TB patient who had developed new symptoms muscle paralysis and a mass on the back side) to Beira Central hospital, and is currently being treated by doctors. 30 April, In Picoco, the IOM MH team provided health education training on TB, the trainings were attended by 180 people.



Buzi District Hospitals have sustained serious damages during Cyclone Idai © IOM 2019

In IFAPA, 13 families have moved from Mauve to IFAPA and only one case of TB was detected; the patient has been placed on TB medication. In IFP, one patient with HIV needs mental health support. The case was referred to the Mental Health and Psychosocial support (MHPSS) team, who will follow up with partners to identify an organization that provides MHPSS services in IFP.



PROTECTION

Between 24 and 27 April, four joint protection trainings (organized by Province Social Services Directorate; INGC, IOM, UNFPA and UNICEF) were held for social workers, community and camp based social assistants, who are and will be supporting the protection centres in Beira and Guara-Guara, as well as INGC staff. IOM is supporting the PSEA working group

in disseminating the PSEA Code of Conduct Declaration drafted based on IOM standards and endorsed by the ICCG; and the printing and dissemination of awareness raising materials for the communities about the unacceptability of payments or favours for humanitarian aid. IOM's protection team attended the Maputo Protection Cluster meeting on 29 April to present progress in activating and supporting referral pathways. As of 30 April, seven international staff and consultants have been trained on PSEA.



MENTAL HEALTH AND PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT

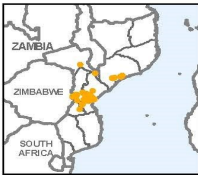
The IOM MHPSS team is working on setting up the MHPSS programme in Buzi and Nhamatanda which have been identified as priority areas. The IOM MHPSS team aims to strengthen the referral system by linking the health posts that were damaged in the cyclone with the communities in the camps in the centres.



IOM created for the cooking area - in Samora Machel site in Beira. © IOM 2019

IOM MHPSS had planned on undertaking assessments, however, they have been placed on-hold until more information is received regarding the movements are . The MHPSS team in close collaboration with the CCCM team, will define transit centres, areas of relocation and affected communities in Buzi and Nhamatanda District.

IOM continues to actively support the MHPSS sub-working group established in Beira, through the different stages of the displacement cycle. MHPSS is working to strengthen the referral system – linking the health posts that were damaged by the cyclone with communities in the camps in the centres.



MOZAMBIQUE
DTM Coverage - May 05, 2019

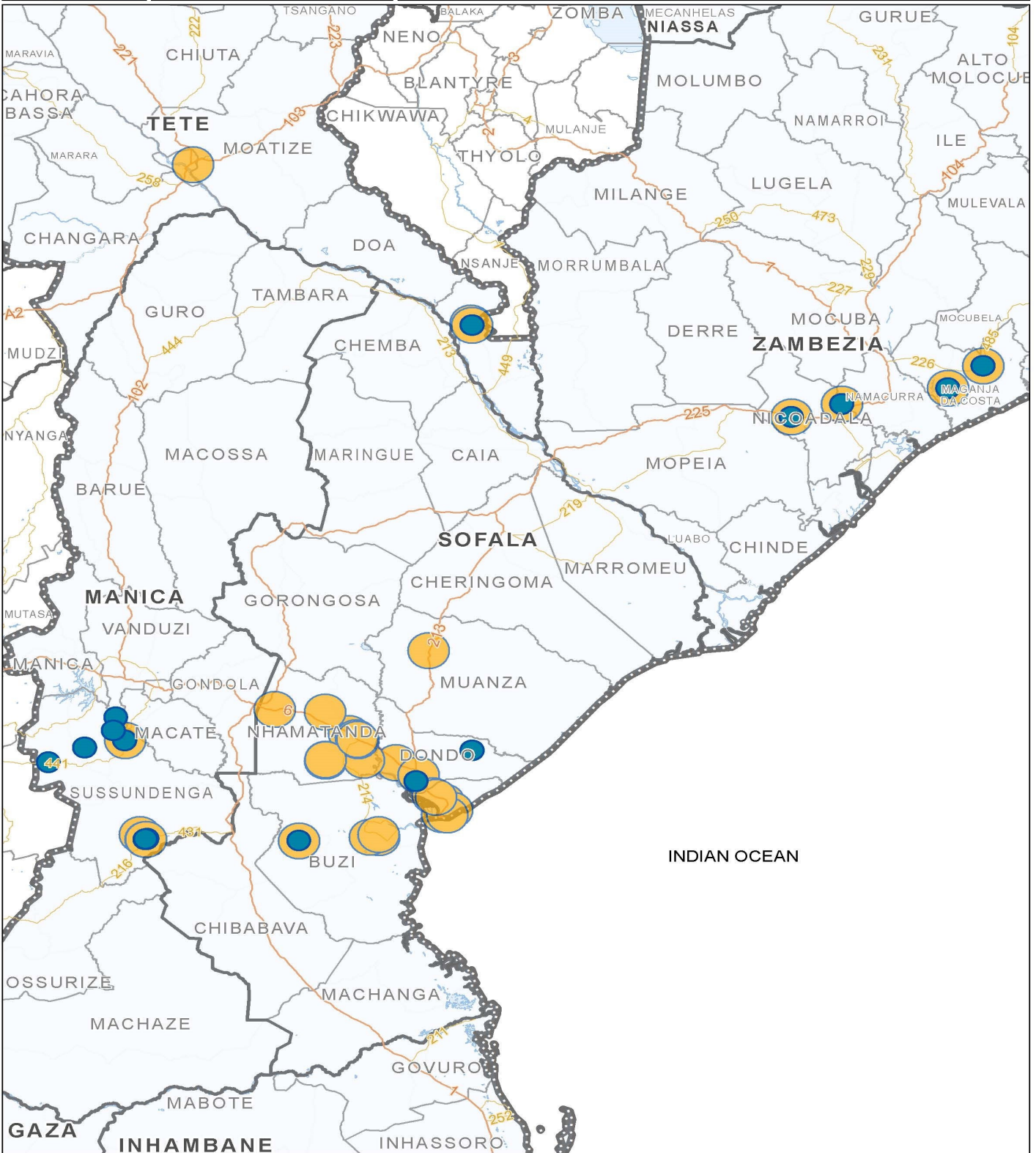
DTM
THE IOM MIGRATION AGENCY
IOM + OIM

Map Production Date : 05 May 2019
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Source Data : ESRI, IOM, INGC, OCHA Disclaimer : This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.

0 15 30 60 90 120 Kilometers

Legend:
 - Primary Road (orange line)
 - Secondary Road (yellow line)
 - Waterbody (light blue)
 - Waterway (blue line)
 - IDP Resettlement Locations (blue circle)
 - IDP Accomodation Centers (open) (yellow circle)
 - Province (thick grey outline)
 - District (thin grey outline)
 - Administrative Post (grey square)



IOM ACTIVITIES ARE SUPPORTED BY:

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 - INGC (Instituto Nacional de Gestao de Calamidades)