3. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND PARTNERSHIPS

IOM supports and coordinates relations with its Member States, the United Nations system, intergovernmental organizations, civil society and the media. It also provides guidance and support for relations with governmental, multilateral and private sector donors.

International Migration Dialogue (IDM)

The IDM is IOM's main forum for migration policy dialogue. The IDM is open to IOM Member and Observer States, as well as international and non-governmental organizations, migrants, and partners from media, academia and the private sector. The IDM sessions, which take place twice a year, provide a space to analyze current and emerging issues in migration governance and to exchange experiences, policy approaches and effective practice. The first session of the IDM in 2023 took place in New York on 27-28 March and focused on leveraging human mobility to achieve SDGs.



The Global Migration Data Analysis Centre (GMDAC) and

The Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM).

4. DATA AND REASEARCH

Migration Data Portal

IOM conducts and supports data production and research to guide and inform migration policy and practice, contributing to a better understanding of migration patterns and processes.

In 2022, IOM established the Global Data Institute The GDI brings together two key areas of IOM: (GDI) to enhance the availability and use of data to achieve stronger governance outcomes and positive impacts for migrants and societies.



Records incidents in which migrants, including refugees and asylumseekers, have died at state borders or in the process of migrating to an international destination.





Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) 2022

Active in over 92 countries DTM tracked the movements of over 97.7 million migrants in 2022, including 51.2 million IDPs, 39.3 million IDP returnees, 2 million returnees from abroad



World Migration Report

IOM has produced its flagship World Migration Report every two years since 2000. The eleventh in the series, World Migration Report 2022 was produced to contribute to increased understanding of migration and mobility globally, presenting key data and information and thematic chapters on highly topical migration issues. The report can be accessed at WorldMigrationReport.iom.int.



Diversity, Equity and Inclusion

IOM is committed to a whole-of-organization approach to diversity, equity and inclusion, ensuring that the dignity and rights of all people are respected, while addressing structural barriers that entrench inequalities. The IOM Global Race Equity and Equality Strategy and Action Plan (2023) ensures that issues of racial equity and equality are mainstreamed in IOM's internal culture, practices and policies.

The new IOM Gender Equality Policy (2023) sets a common basis for IOM's approach to achieving gender equality across all areas of its work. It involves establishing a robust institutional setup that advances gender equality within the Organization, and which can deliver gender-responsive approaches that are inclusive of persons of all genders.

Environmental Sustainability

IOM recognizes that a healthy environment is inherently linked to the safety, security and well-being of migrants and societies. IOM's full environmental performance data related to facilities and operations, as well as the good practices of IOM missions, are available on the United Nations Environment Programme's website, Greening The Blue.





MAKING MIGRATION WORK FOR ALL







GEOGRAPHICAL PRESENCE



IOM STRATEGIC VISION 2019 - 2023



Resilience: Higher numbers of people move in and out of vulnerable situations, stemming from a range of complex drivers, including climate change, instability, poverty and exploitation. IOM takes a long-term and holistic approach to emergency response, integrating development objectives, and acknowledging changing drivers and vulnerabilities.



Mobility: The ways in which people move are constantly changing. As migration dynamics evolve, so must the tools that manage movement, whether relating to selection, identification, entry, stay or return. IOM pursues innovative approaches to the design and implementation of systems to manage migration, based on its existing knowledge and political contexts.



Governance: IOM is an important partner for Member States in terms of delivering services to migrants that governments cannot deliver themselves. Through the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration (GCM), IOM supports governments to build capacity for the governance of migration, supports migrants, and builds cooperation with other UN agencies.



2023 SNAPSHOT





ASSESSED CONTRIBUTIONS VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS **OTHER INCOME**

Established in 1951, the International Organization for Migration (IOM) is the leading intergovernmental organization in the field of migration and is committed to the principle that humane and orderly migration benefits migrants and society. IOM is part of the United Nations system, as a related organization.

IOM supports migrants across the world, developing effective responses to the shifting dynamics of migration and is a key source of advice on migration policy and practice. The Organization works in emergency situations, developing the resilience of all people on the move, and particularly those in situations of vulnerability, as well as building capacity within governments to manage all forms and impacts of mobility.

IOM's strategic priorities are based on a landscape assessment of current migration dynamics. It is comprised of three pillars:

CROSS-CUTTING IOM STRATEGIES



Migration and Sustainable Development The strategy outlines a whole-of-organization

approach to comprehensively integrate migration and development into policymaking and

programming within IOM. It represents IOM's direct contribution to the Decade of Action to fast-track progress to reach the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).



Migration, Environment and **Climate Change**

The strategy guides IOM efforts to strengthen its capacity to develop and implement a comprehensive approach to migration in the context of climate change, environmental degradation and disasters due to natural hazards.



Private Sector: The strategy lays out a 5-year plan that aims to strengthen IOM's engagement with the Private Sector and features a Goodwill Ambassador Pilot Programme. The new strategy sets forth a trusted approach through three pillars: Impact, Income and Innovation.

GLOBAL FRAMEWORKS

GLOBAL COMPACT FOR SAFE, ORDERLY AND REGULAR MIGRATION (GCM)

The GCM is the first-ever intergovernmental negotiated UN agreement on a common approach to international migration.

To ensure effective, timely and coordinated support to Member States' implementation, follow-up and review of the GCM, the UN Secretary General established a UN Network on Migration, for which IOM has been designated as the coordinator. IOM also houses the Network Secretariat, which is responsible for servicing the work of the Network.

Member States agreed to review the progress made at the local, national, regional and global levels in implementing the GCM

AGENDA 2030 FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

The 2030 Agenda, which comprises 17 Goals and 169 targets, recognizes that migration is a powerful driver of sustainable development, for migrants and their communities. Thus, IOM is working to maximize the potential of migration to achieve sustainable development outcomes by supporting the integration of the impact of migration and migrants' needs

IOM DEVELOPMENT FUND

Since 2001, the IOM Development Fund has provided a unique global resource aimed at supporting developing Member States in their efforts to strengthen their migration management capacity. In 2022, approximately USD 16 million was made available to implement 59 additional projects (48 national, 10 regional and one global) covering a wide range of migration management and governance issues in 65 countries.

at an International Migration Review Forum (IMRF) through a State-led approach and with the participation of all relevant stakeholders at the United Nations General Assembly.

Migration Data

The strategy provides guidance on IOM's

engagement on data, seeking to improve the

evidence base for good migration governance

The strategy aims to tackle several challenges

related to people on the move and access to

documentation, presenting an approach that

in support of sustainable development, effective humanitarian

action and peaceful societies, as well as the implementation,

monitoring and reporting of relevant stakeholders on their

allows for legal identity to be addressed more consistently as

actions in support of relevant international frameworks.

Legal Identity

part of existing and upcoming IOM interventions.

Beginning in 2022, the IMRF takes place every four years. Each edition of the IMRF results in an intergovernmental agreed Progress Declaration.



in policy planning across all sectors and levels of governance, an approach echoed also in the GCM.



A significant number of projects completed in 2022 focused on youth and gender. In addition, as technology continues to transform how social, political and economic systems operate, Member States are increasing their engagement with technology to tackle dynamic mobility challenges. Of the Fund's 65 completed projects in 2022, 17 projects included a clear technology component.

WHAT WE DO?

1. MIGRATION MANAGEMENT



IOM works to address the needs, as well as promote and uphold the rights of migrants. It

also offers support to governments in carrying out their duties to respect, protect and fulfil these rights, thus

contributing to managing in line with international standards and practices.

Return and Reintegration Counter-Trafficking

54K migrants were assisted to return and 170,714 reintegration services were provided to returnees in 2022.

100K persons

trafficked have been assisted since the mid-1990s.

Regular and orderly migration

IOM works to enhance the flexibility and accessibility of regular migration pathways. This includes a strong focus on information-sharing on existing migration pathways.

Information-sharing

6.3 million

migrants were reached with information on how to access regular migration pathways in 2022.

2. CRISIS RESPONSE

31.1 MILLION people reached through IOM Crisis Response in 2022

Life-saving response and humanitarian assistance

From the onset of a crisis, IOM works with national, local authorities and other partners to provide life-saving protection and humanitarian assistance to vulnerable and mobile populations. With safety and dignity as a priority, IOM provides the following services to affected populations and communities.



4.1 MILLION

operations in 2,050 displacement

sites across 37 countries.

Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM)

Shelter and Non-Food Items

4.8 MILLION People were reached by CCCM People reached in 80 countries.

12.9 MILLION People reached with WASH interventions in 61 countries.

The figures provided for Crisis Response correspond to 2021.

Address drivers of displacement and mobility and promote peace

Durable Solutions

Peacebuilding and Peace Preservation

Strengthen preparedness and reduce disaster risk

IOM supports Member States to integrate mobility perspectives in strategies to prevent new and reduce existing disaster risk and build resilience, in line with the priorities of the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction.





Migration Health

IOM delivers and promotes comprehensive, preventive and curative health programmes which are beneficial, accessible, and equitable for migrants and mobile

populations. Bridging the needs of both migrants and IOM member States, IOM contributes towards the physical, mental and social well-being of migrants.

Migrants' access to vaccination

3 million

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people vaccinated against a range of diseases in 2022 (including against COVID-19).

Health Referrals



people were referred for treatment of moderate or severe acute malnutrition.

Immigration and Border Governance (IBG)

IOM supports Member States and Observers in strengthening policies, legislation, operational systems, human resources as well as administrative

and technical structures, required for establishing good governance of migration and borders. IOM implements three distinct and complementary portfolios within IBG: Border and Identity Solutions (BIS), Legal Identity (LI) and Immigration and Visas (IV).

services (2021-2022)

+515K

Visa application and related Migration Information and Data Analysis System (MIDAS) 27 countries

(148 Border Points of Entry)



Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (WASH)



Contexts 5.5 MILLION Primary health consultations and 273,862 antenatal consultations were provided in humanitarian/crisis contexts.



Cash Based Intervention

2.67 MILLION people were reached through cash-based assistance.





Housing and Land Property