



IOM APPEAL SOMALIA DROUGHT

JANUARY - JUNE 2017



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IOM IN SOMALIA

In Somalia, IOM has been responding to the humanitarian needs of internally displaced persons (IDPs) and migrants in crisis, as well as supporting the government and communities to facilitate longer term solutions to displacement since 2006. In 2016 alone, IOM provided humanitarian assistance to close to a million people in 25 districts affected by armed conflict, flooding, drought, cyclones, acute watery diarrhea (AWD)/cholera outbreaks, and forced returns from Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. IOM Somalia has an operational presence and capacity countrywide, with 195 staff based in IOM's head office in Mogadishu; field offices in Kismayo, Baidoa, Hargeisa, Bossaso, Garowe, Berbera and Dhobley; and support office in Nairobi. Even in locations with restricted access due to the insecure operating environment, IOM maintains a field presence to facilitate the provision of assistance, including in some of the most drought affected and inaccessible locations such as Gedo, Bay, Bakool and Lower Juba.

As a member of the Humanitarian Country Team with strong operational presence in Somalia, IOM was designated as the co-lead for the Health Cluster. IOM also plays a proactive role in coordinating the provision of lifesaving assistance in Somalia as either the Strategic Advisory Group or the Cluster Review Committee member of WASH, Shelter/NFIs, Protection, and Food Security Clusters.

DROUGHT

RESPONSE OVERVIEW

IOM's multi-sectoral responses in Somalia include Health, WASH, Food Security, Shelter/NFIs and Protection to provide lifesaving assistance in response to mass displacement and humanitarian situations as a result of cyclical climatic events, conflict, forced evictions and mass returns of refugees and migrants from Kenya, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and Yemen. Given the unanticipated severity of the drought situation, the IOM's Drought Appeal (January-June 2017) has expanded to include complementary drought response beyond the frontline lifesaving assistance.

This includes expansion of the Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) program to drought affected areas, which has been incorporated in the OCHA's January-June 2017 Operational Plan for Pre-Famine Scale-up of Humanitarian Assistance under the Protection Cluster, and technical support to the Government, in the areas of emergency humanitarian coordination as well as disaster preparedness and response.

Globally, IOM provides humanitarian assistance to displacement affected groups within the organization's Migration Crisis Operational Framework (MCOF), a principle programmatic and analytical tool for responding to the needs of IDPs and forced migrants before, during and after natural or human induced disasters. The MCOF focuses on enabling governments and communities to prepare for, respond to and recover sustainably from displacement crises as well as emphasizing the multi-stakeholder partnerships and coordination mechanisms, which is factored in this Drought Appeal.



The current situation in Somalia threatens survival and well-being of many communities, and without urgent assistance, Somalia faces the risk of a major malnutrition and food insecurity in the months ahead.

SITUATION OVERVIEW

Following 2016's significant below average Gu (April–June) and Deyr (November-December) rain seasons in Somalia, severe drought is widespread across the country. If action is not taken immediately, early warning signals point towards a growing humanitarian crisis in Somalia of potentially catastrophic proportions. Prices of commodities are on the rise, water sources are scarce and purchasing power is falling. Reported cases of AWD/cholera are rising. With an increasing number of individuals at risk of food insecurity, the previously estimated 5 million people in need of humanitarian assistance has gone up to 6.2 million. Between February and June 2017, the number of IDPs is expected to increase from 1.1 million to 3 million individuals.

The humanitarian situation in Somalia remains fragile and complex owing to the combined nature of new and protracted displacement as a result of climatic and manmade crises and forced evictions, as well as influx of returnees. Over 1.1 million IDPs in Somalia live mainly in collective sites or with host communities. IOM's [Displacement Tracking Matrix](#) an IOM tool which informs stakeholders of displacement patterns, mobility trends and the needs of affected populations and cross border mobility trends over time, recently released a displacement alert on over 138,000 internally displaced individuals between 1 January and 26 February, 2017. The majority of those displaced came from Bay, Bari, Gedo, Mudug, Galgaduud and Middle Shabelle.

Although too early to predict accurately, hydro-meteorological analysis indicates that the forthcoming Gu rains are likely to be significantly below average. In the absence of a rapid and consolidated multi-stakeholder response, this will almost certainly exacerbate an already dire humanitarian situation and potentially result in elevation to famine status in some areas.

IOM SOMALIA DROUGHT APPEAL

6.2 M

In need of humanitarian assistance

363,000

Acutely malnourished children


1,050,700

Target number of individuals

IOM APPEAL (USD)

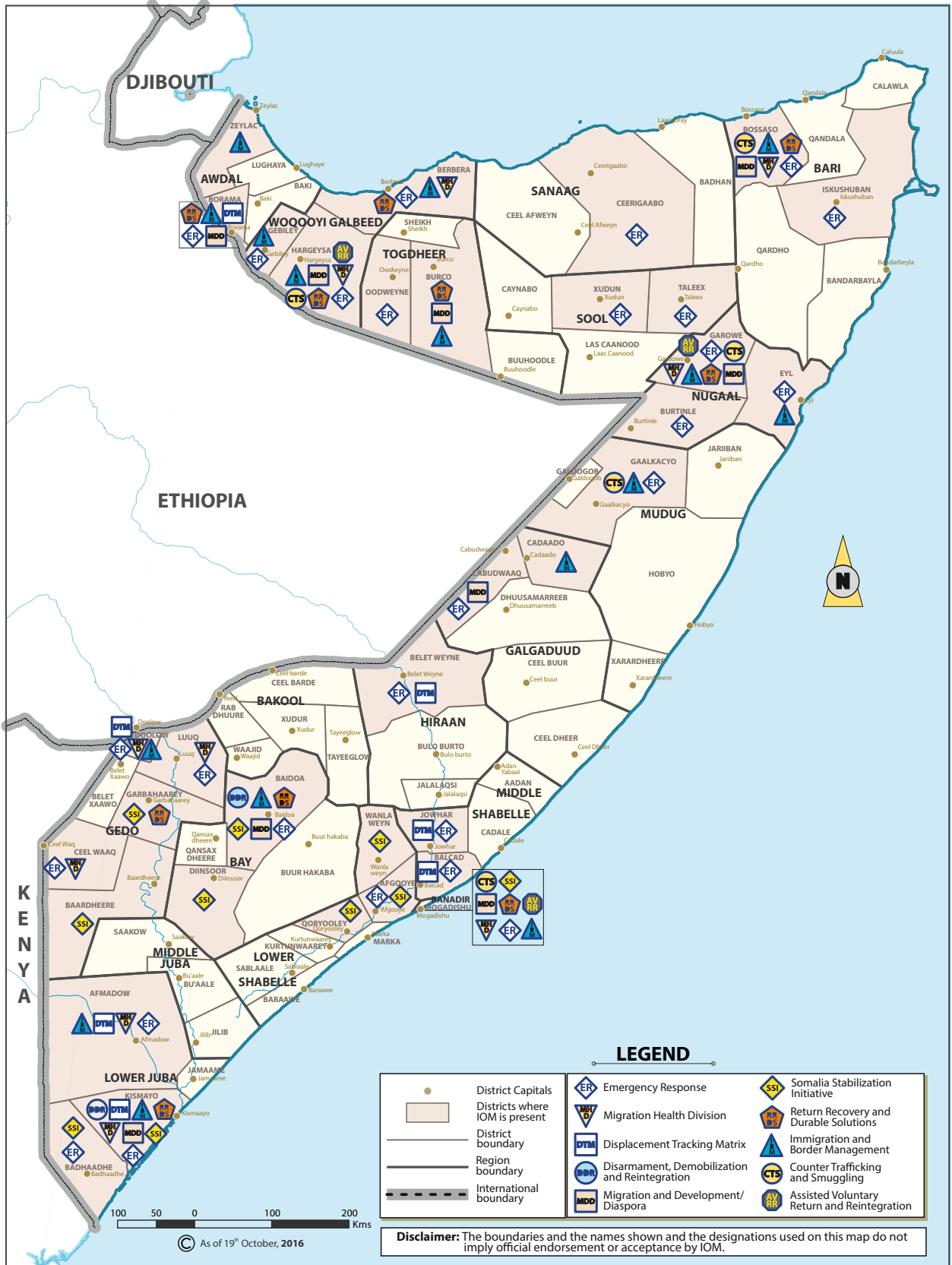
(Jan - June, 2017)

TOTAL 24.6 M

			
Food Security	WASH	Health	
7.2 M	6.7 M	4.7 M	
			
Shelter and NFIs	Protection (DTM)	Technical Support	
4.8 M	0.9 M	0.3 M	

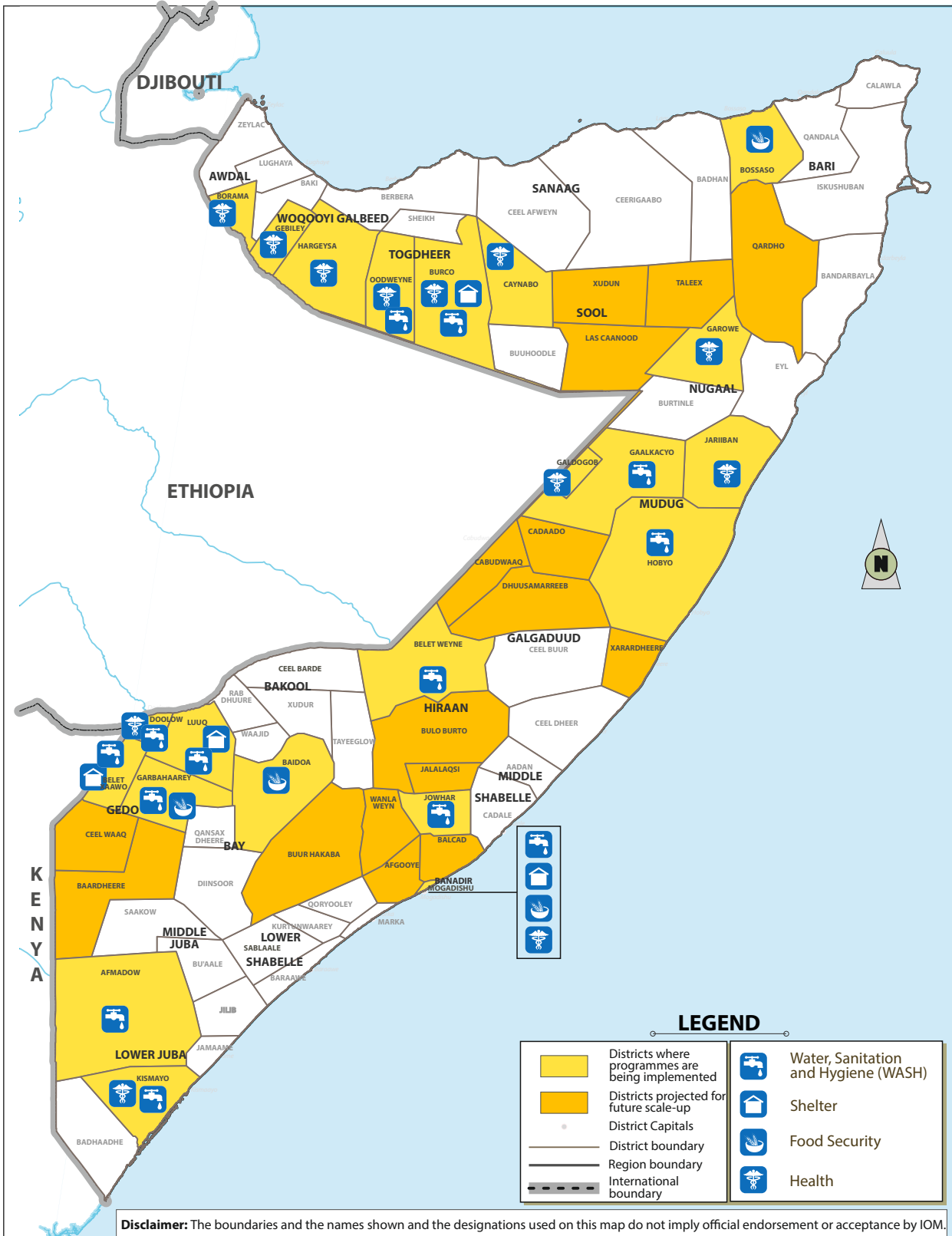
This appeal, covering the period of January-June 2017, presents IOM Somalia's operational plan for rapidly scaling up ongoing interventions, as well as re-programming existing resources to address the ongoing and anticipated drought displacement crisis. Activities presented in this Appeal include and build on the 2017 HRP and OCHA's Pre-Famine Operational Plan (January-June 2017) that appeals for USD 825 million to target the most critical lifesaving needs.

IOM SOMALIA PROJECT LOCATIONS



IOM SOMALIA DROUGHT RESPONSE LOCATIONS

AS OF FEBRUARY, 2017





IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) is an integrated set of tools used to track and monitor the movement of displaced populations as well as the conditions in which they are living. Using DTM, IOM Somalia, in close partnership with local authorities and other humanitarian partners, aims to improve information management in fluid displacement situations, thereby enhancing evidence-based and timely prioritization in the delivery of humanitarian aid.



IOM's mobile health teams will continue to provide critically-needed lifesaving emergency primary healthcare services to displaced hard-to-reach communities across Somalia, whose situation has been exacerbated by the drought.



FOOD SECURITY

7.2 M

Funding required

Target no. of individuals:

282,700

IOM is currently implementing cash based unconditional and conditional transfer and other types of food security projects in districts including Berbera, Bossaso, Banadir, Baidoa and Garbahaarey. In order to mitigate famine and increase food security, IOM will expand its geographic coverage to provide life-saving emergency food assistance through transfer of unconditional cash grants as well as provision of vouchers and in-kind items to drought-affected individuals and vulnerable households. Unconditional cash grants and vouchers for food items will target the population severely affected by the drought in areas with access to functioning markets. In coordination with the WASH interventions, IOM will also provide water for animals through cash-based support, water trucking and water infrastructure rehabilitation. In-kind support of agricultural and fishery inputs (such as seeds, tools, fishing nets) will target pastoralists and fishery community members aimed at increasing their household income through improved livelihood.

ACUTELY FOOD INSECURE POPULATION (POST DEYR) BY FSNAU

Region	Total population 2014	Number of acutely food insecure people (February - June 2017)		
		Stressed (IPC2)	Crisis (IPC3)	Emergency (IPC4)
Awdal	673,264	136,000	80,000	12,000
Wogooyi Galbeed	1,242,003	438,000	115,000	8,000
Togdheer	721,363	188,000	140,000	6,000
Sanaag	544,123	163,000	84,000	54,000
Sool	327,427	94,000	65,000	36,000
Bari	730,147	167,000	169,000	19,000
Nugaal	392,698	87,000	90,000	26,000
Mudug	717,862	114,000	283,000	3,000
Galgaduud	569,434	201,000	130,000	8,000
Hiraan	520,686	62,000	207,000	23,000
Middle Shabelle	516,035	135,000	70,000	0
Lower Shabelle	1,202,219	352,000	200,000	10,000
Banadir	1,650,228	558,000	298,000	14,000
Bakool	367,227	66,000	113,000	58,000
Bay	792,182	199,000	172,000	160,000
Gedo	508,403	161,000	88,000	1,000
Middle Juba	362,921	88,000	83,000	0
Lower Juba	489,307	123,000	86,000	1,000
Total	12,327,529	3,332,000	2,473,000	439,000



Currently, IOM supports 13 static and 5 mobile clinics across 14 districts. IOM will also preposition essential medical supplies, vaccines and equipment at targeted clinics. Through the placement of health experts from the Somali diaspora, IOM will also enhance emergency preparedness and response capacities of the health authorities.



WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE (WASH)

6.7 M

Funding required

Target no. of individuals:

288,000

IOM is providing emergency WASH services such as water trucking and water storage support in 7 regions of Somalia including Togdheer, Mudug, Hiraan, Middle Shabelle, Banadir, Gedo, and Lower Juba. IOM will expand lifesaving access to safe water supplies as well as sanitation and hygiene services for the drought affected population targeting areas with reported and suspected cases of AWD/cholera and measles. This will be achieved through voucher-based emergency water trucking to the most severely affected areas; rehabilitation and maintenance of boreholes and other water supply systems; distribution of hygiene kits; and hygiene promotion with an emphasis on AWD/cholera and measles prevention. IOM will continue to work directly with Ministries of Water/ relevant government authorities to monitor the water trucking. To ensure sustained impact of the water infrastructure rehabilitation, IOM will provide capacity building support to community-based WASH committees. These emergency efforts will complement the longer-term WASH infrastructure enhancement program funded by the African Development Bank, which IOM will be implementing on behalf of the government.



HEALTH

4.7 M

Funding required

Target no. of individuals:

120,000

Currently, IOM supports 13 static and 5 mobile clinics across 14 districts. To mitigate preventable morbidity and mortality and the spread of communicable diseases such as AWD/cholera and measles as a result of the worsening drought situations, IOM will rapidly expand the coverage of critical life-saving intervention to drought-affected and vulnerable populations. More concretely, outreach services through mobile and static health clinics will target both urban and rural areas that are accessible. IOM will also preposition essential medical supplies, vaccines and equipment at targeted clinics. Through the placement of health experts from the Somali diaspora, IOM will also enhance service provisions as well as emergency preparedness and response capacities of the health authorities.



SHELTER/NFIS

4.8 M

Funding required

Target no. of individuals:

360,000

IOM is currently providing emergency shelter kits and NFIs in Banadir and Gedo regions. For the drought response, IOM will scale up this effort and reach more individuals and households displaced as a result of the drought. In line with shelter cluster guidelines, tentative NFIs to be provided through the voucher system will include plastic sheets, mats, blankets, kitchen sets, jerry cans, and solar lanterns. The emergency shelter kits may include local timber, nails, tools such as hammer, saw, panga, rope, iron sheets, doors, windows, locks, and flooring materials according to the needs of the target population. Following NFI distributions, IOM will conduct a post distribution monitoring assessment to evaluate the utility of the NFIs and their impact on the beneficiaries.



IOM will continue to work directly with Ministries of Water and other relevant government authorities to monitor the water trucking. To ensure sustained impact of the water infrastructure rehabilitation, IOM will provide capacity building support to community-based WASH committees.



PROTECTION -DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM)

0.9 M

Funding required

Target no. of organizations:

150

IOM Somalia's DTM programme began as a pilot in 2016 and has completed 3 rounds of mobility tracking and cross-border flow monitoring with the subsequent rounds ongoing. For the drought response, IOM will disseminate weekly Displacement Alerts to provide early warning for worsening situations and increase data collection coverage to the worst affected areas. Available data on the number and cause of displacement will be triangulated. IOM will also produce population estimates and information on evolving multi-sectoral needs through Site Assessments, thus enabling inter-agency resources to collect individual level data. The Site Assessments will also identify key protection concerns, recognizing the heightened exposure of displaced populations to protection risks. As DTM scales up to cover additional drought affected areas during the Round 5 data collection, IOM will work closely with cluster partners. Findings and data from the detailed Site Assessment covering sectoral needs in Food Security, WASH, Health, Protection, Shelter/NFIs and Education will be shared with cluster partners and OCHA/Humanitarian Data Exchange. Previous rounds of reports are available through: <http://www.globaldtm.info/somalia/>



TECHNICAL SUPPORT

0.3 M

Funding required

Target no. of humanitarian stakeholders:

150

Whilst assistance as close to or at the place of origin for affected populations is a critical first priority, IOM will provide technical surge support to local administrations already hosting or likely to host a large number IDPs to improve preparedness and response to the need of drought affected population. Surge teams will provide support to local authorities through intense formal and on the job trainings sessions on site selection, planning and closure, as well as monitoring and coordination of service provision, information management, and community participation, building on best practices in terms of protection mainstreaming (such as equipping first responders with the required skills to deliver psychological first aid, conduct safety audit or appropriately use protection related referral pathway).

With a view of enhancing community participation and supporting the Somalia administration to play a central role in the response, IOM will foster local administrations' ability to directly engage and communicate with affected population living in IDP sites and surrounding host community, establishing effective feedback and governance mechanisms. To make this participation meaningful, IOM will draw from its operational capacity in key humanitarian sectors such as WASH, health and Emergency Shelter/NFIs and build synergies with relevant stakeholders and humanitarian partners to ensure that priority assistance and protection needs identified are addressed in a timely and effective manner. Additionally, IOM will source expertise from Somali migrants in the diaspora as well as those who have already returned to Somalia who can be deployed to enhance the capacity of government to respond to drought in Somalia. Specifically, and on request of the government, IOM will support the placement of technical experts in national disaster management agencies including the Somalia Disaster Management Agency, National Environment Research and Disaster-preparedness and Humanitarian Affairs and Disaster Management Agency, among others.



IOM will provide non-food items and emergency shelter kits to the population displaced as a result of the drought. In line with shelter cluster guidelines, tentative NFIs will include plastic sheets, mats, blankets, kitchen sets, jerry cans, and solar lanterns.

IOM PROJECTS WITHIN THE HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE PLAN:

CAP CODE	SECTOR	PROJECT TITLE	TOTAL REQUESTED AMOUNT (USD)
SOM-17/ ER/98528	Food Security	Humanitarian livelihoods support for IDPs, returning populations, migrants and host communities to address food insecurity and income shortages in South Central (all regions), Puntland (Bari, Nugal and Mudug) and Somaliland (all regions)	7,200,000
SOM-17/ WS/98709	WASH	Provision of life saving and sustainable access to safe water and appropriate water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) services for emergency and crises affected populations and their host communities, in multiple regions in Somalia	6,700,000
SOM-17/ H/98415	Health	Emergency life saving health care for crisis affected populations including internally displaced persons (IDPs), migrants, returnees, and affected host communities in Somaliland, Puntland and South Central regions	4,700,000
SOM-17/ S-NF/98633	Shelter/NFIs	Improve the shelter conditions of 70,000 displaced, crisis-affected and returning population members in Banaadir, Gedo, Lower Juba, Bay, Lower and Middle Shabelle, Hiiraan, Puntland and Somaliland	4,800,000
SOM-17/P-HR- RL/97524	Protection	Tracking and forecasting population displacement using Displacement Tracking Matrix system targeting the drought-affected areas in Somalia	900,000
ALL INTERVENTIONS PROPOSED IN THIS APPEAL ARE IN LINE WITH THE JANUARY-JUNE 2017 OPERATIONAL PLAN FOR PRE-FAMINE SCALE UP OF HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE.			



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